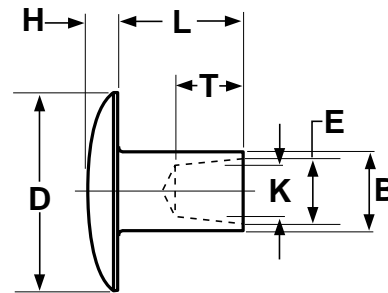


Type S



Type T

TRUSS HEAD SEMI-TUBULAR RIVETS													ANSI/ASME B18.7			
Nominal Size	B		D		H		Type T Taper Hole Rivets				Type S Straight Hole Rivets		Tolerance on Length			
	Shank Diameter		Head Diameter		Head Thickness		Hole Dia. at End of Rivet		Hole Dia. at Bottom of Hole	Hole Depth to Start of Apex	Hole Dia. at End of Rivet		Hole Depth to Start of Apex	Up to and including 4 times shank dia.	Over 4 times shank dia. and up to and including 8 times shank dia.	Over 8 times shank dia.
	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Min	Min	Max	Min	Nom			
0.061	0.061	0.058	0.130	0.120	0.019	0.015	0.046	0.042	0.032	0.042	0.044	0.039	0.046	±0.007	±0.008	±0.010
0.089	0.089	0.085	0.192	0.182	0.026	0.020	0.068	0.064	0.050	0.057	0.068	0.062	0.064	±0.007	±0.008	±0.010
0.123	0.123	0.118	0.286	0.276	0.038	0.030	0.095	0.091	0.079	0.082	0.090	0.084	0.094	±0.007	±0.010	±0.015
0.146	0.146	0.141	0.318	0.306	0.045	0.035	0.112	0.106	0.085	0.104	0.107	0.100	0.126	±0.010	±0.012	±0.015
0.188	0.188	0.182	0.381	0.369	0.065	0.055	0.145	0.139	0.110	0.135	0.141	0.134	0.155	±0.010	±0.012	±0.015

Description	A small, headed metal fastener having a coaxial cylindrical or tapered hole which does not exceed 112% of the mean shank diameter in the end opposite the head. The head is approximately twice the diameter of the rivet body.
Applications/ Advantages	Easier to clinch than solid rivets. The hole reduces riveting forces for riveting tooling while the remaining clinched solid shank can provide comparable shear strengths to other common riveting products. The truss head style is chosen when the rivet is seated in soft material to prevent it from pulling through. The fastener is installed with a riveting hammer.
Material	Steel: Low carbon steel (containing 0.1% carbon or less) Aluminum: Grades 5056, 1100, 2017, 2117 or 6053